

Department of Social Welfare and Development
PANTAWID PAMILYANG PILIPINO PROGRAM
NATIONAL ADVISORY COUNCIL (NAC)

NAC Resolution No 2 .
Series of 2021

Convergence for 4Ps (C4PS) Budget Reform

Pursuant to Section 19, Republic Act No. 11310 or "An Act Institutionalizing the Pantawid Pamilyang Pilipino Program", otherwise known as "4Ps Act" for Fiscal Years 2022-2024

WHEREAS, Pantawid Pamilyang Pilipino Program (4Ps) is the national poverty reduction strategy and human capital investment program¹ that provides conditional cash grants and complementary services to poor households in the country to improve their education, health, and nutrition.

WHEREAS, the Department of Social Welfare and Development (DSWD) and partner government agencies as enumerated under Section 49 of the Republic Act No. 11310 also known as the 4Ps Act Implementing Rules and Regulations (IRR) are expected to converge their programs and services to deliver a holistic social protection program and to ensure that the targeted household beneficiaries are alleviated from poverty and remain non-poor even after exit from the program².

WHEREAS, 4Ps Act requires the Philippine Institute for Development Studies (PIDS) to conduct periodic assessment of the program once every three (3) years to evaluate the effectiveness of the 4Ps and determine whether it is achieving its objectives by evaluating a sample of the entire household coverage.

WHEREAS, the DSWD is internally conducting an assessment of Social Welfare and Development Indicators (SWDI) among all target household beneficiaries to specifically determine who and what interventions are needed to make the target households become economically self-sufficient.

WHEREAS, the SWDI covers social and economic factors to drive household beneficiaries into self-sufficiency and also reaffirms convergence among agencies implementing pro-poor programs and services to deliver a coordinated and holistic social protection program for the poor.

WHEREAS, to operationalize convergence, DSWD is expected to share and disclose information about the qualified household beneficiaries, notwithstanding the Data Privacy Act of 2012 and such information should include aggregate numbers and sex-disaggregated data that serve as inputs to partner government agencies in determining and prioritizing the beneficiaries of its programs and services, or Convergence for 4Ps (C4PS).

¹ Section 4, 4Ps Act

² Section 19, 4Ps Act

Now therefore, pursuant to the powers vested to the National Advisory Council (NAC), it is RESOLVED as it is hereby resolved to promulgate the following rules relating to the allocation of budget of each of the key implementing agencies specifically the members of the National Technical Working Group for the 4Ps beneficiaries in their budget appropriation authorized under the annual General Appropriations Act, to wit:


1. The DSWD shall regularly assess all 4Ps household beneficiaries using SWDI to determine how many and who are in the following levels of socio-economic well-being:
 - 1.1. **Level 1 (Survival) households** are those labeled as the poorest of the 4Ps household beneficiaries which do not have the income nor the means (employment or education) to buy the country's prescribed meal set necessary to sustain a household member on a daily basis. These households need dole out cash assistance as much as they need capacity building for future employment, free access to health care facilities, and free education.
 - 1.2. **Level 2 (Subsistence) households** are those barely meeting the basic living necessities. They are households with income and capacities enough only to purchase the basic food needs of each family member. No excess income can be used for emergency funds nor can be spared as savings. These households are in need of assistance for better employment or extra livelihood for additional income.
 - 1.3. **Level 3 (Self-Sufficient) households** are those that have the means to support and sustain the needs of their members. These households have members who are provided with basic food needs at the least, are healthy and are educated. They can support the entire household through employment or livelihood and can be considered as the least among 4Ps household beneficiaries to be needing assistance from the government and other external parties.
2. Through the provisions under the Data Privacy Act of 2012, the DSWD, and partner government agencies shall enter into a data sharing agreement that will facilitate information flow between and among partner agencies particularly the NAC members.
3. The DSWD shall regularly share the results of SWDI assessment and its data with partner government agencies.
4. The DSWD and partner agencies implementing programs and services for the poor shall prioritize 4Ps household beneficiaries especially those that will promote the two (2) major SWDI components:
 - 4.1. **Economic Sufficiency** (employable skills, employment, income, and social security)
 - 4.2. **Social Adequacy** (health and nutrition, housing, education, role performance, family awareness of relevant social issues)

5. To strengthen monitoring and evaluation of well-being improvement of 4Ps household beneficiaries, a National Convergence Monitoring and Evaluation Group (NCMEG) and Regional Monitoring and Evaluation Group (RCMEG), chaired by DSWD, shall be established at the national and regional levels from different member agencies of the NTWG to support the NAC.
6. The DSWD and partner agencies shall regularly update each other on the interventions and services provided to the 4Ps household beneficiaries.
7. The DSWD shall maintain a database of 4Ps household beneficiaries that reflects the SWDI assessment results, gaps, and interventions provided down to household or household member level as the case may be. Such database shall be made accessible to all partner government agencies.
8. The concerned head of partner agencies shall ensure that the budgets needed to provide complementary services to improve the well being of 4Ps households shall be included to their respective agencies' budget appropriations authorized under the annual General Appropriations Act (GAA).


Adopted this 23rd day of FEBRUARY 2021




ROLANDO JOSELITO D. BAUTISTA
Secretary
Department of Social Welfare and Development



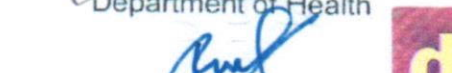
LEONOR M. BRIONES
Secretary
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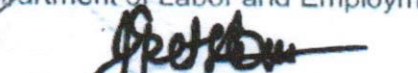
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